





						Pra	ctice 1		Practice 1								Practice 2						
Let's consider a fcc crystal with stress applied parallel to [001]: • Evaluate the Schmid factor for all 12 slip systems, • How many will be activated?									Let's consider a fcc crystal with stress applied parallel to [001]: • Evaluate the Schmid factor for all 12 slip systems, • How many will be activated?								Let's consider a fcc crystal with stress applied parallel to [011]: Same questions 						
Number Plane Direction	a1 (111) [011] a1 system • Stress • Slip dir • Normal • Schmid • m = s-1 • m = 1/v	a2 (11 [10] direction: rection: to slip plar l factor: m s•n %	s = (0;0;: s = (0;0;: = $1/\sqrt{2}$ (0;-1 he: $n = 1/\sqrt{3}$ = $\cos \lambda \cos \beta$	a3 11) [10] L) ;1) (1;1;1) Φ	b1 (11) [011]	b2 (111) [101]	b3 (111) [110]	Number Plane Direction Schmid F. Number Plane Direction Schmid F.	a1 (111) [0ī1] 1/√6 c1 (ī11) [0ī1] 1/√6	a2 (111) [10ī] -1/√6 c2 (ī11) [ī0ī] -1/√6	a3 (111) [ī10] 0 c3 (ī11) [110] 0	b1 ($\overline{111}$) [011] $1/\sqrt{6}$ d1 ($1\overline{11}$) [011] $1/\sqrt{6}$	b2 (111) [101] 1/√6 d2 (111) [101] -1/√6	b3 (111) [110] 0 d3 (111) [110] 0	8 systems activated	Number Plane Direction Number Plane Direction	a1 (111) [0T1] c1 (T11) [0T1]	a2 (111) [101] c2 (T11) [T01]	a3 (111) [ī10] c3 (ī11) [110]	b1 (111) [011] d1 (111) [011]	b2 (111) [101] d2 (111) [101]	b3 (111) [170] d3 (111) [110]	
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						Pra	ctice 2		Choice of slip system for fcc metals Graphical representation								More complex cases						
Let's consider a fcc crystal with stress applied parallel to [011]: • Same questions									Active slip system in fcc, as a function of the direction of applied stress $\overline{11101}$ \mathbf{p}_2 \mathbf{c}_3 \mathbf{b}_3 \mathbf{d}_2 \mathbf{c}_1 10								For fcc metals, there is only one type of slip systems \rightarrow the CRSS is not needed to evaluate with slip plane and directions are activated first.						
Number Plane Direction Schmid F.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						4 avistame	$ - signs above slip system numbers: → opposite direction relative to that of the table → for instance [-1-10] to \overline{1} 00 to \overline{1}$ 00 to $\overline{1}$ 00 to $\overline{1}$ 00 to $\overline{1}$ 00 to $\overline{1}$							10 1 01	In other systems, you may have different types of slip systems, with different CRSS. Then, you have to look at the resolved shear stress on all slip systems and see which one is closest to the CRSS.							
Number Plane Direction Schmid F.	c1 (ī11) [0ī1] 0	c2 (ī11) [ī0ī] -1/√6	c3 (ī11) [110] 1/√6	d1 (1ī1) [011] 0	d2 (1ī1) [10ī] 0	d3 (1ī1) [110] 0	activated	Image A. Roll after Kahn	ett,			$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					Sometimes, "secondary slip systems" can be activated. Their CRSS is higher, the resolved shear stress is higher, but these systems are required for plastic deformation to work → <i>von Mises compatibility</i> <i>criterion</i> (later in the course)						
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